



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING D		DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/355,623 10/05/1999		1999	OLLI PIIRAINEN	PM262375	6720	
909	7590	10/23/2002				
	Y WINTHRO	EXAMINER				
P.O. BOX 10500 MCLEAN, VA 22102				TRAN, TUAN A		
				ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
				2684		
				DATE MAILED: 10/23/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

		Application No.		Applicant(s)	
•	_	09/355,623		PIIRAINEN, OLLI	M
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Tuan A Tran		2684	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app				ess
Period fo	• •			•	
THE - External control	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 If SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, howev y within the statutory minir will apply and will expire S t, cause the application to	er, may a reply be time num of thirty (30) days IX (6) MONTHS from th become ABANDONED	ly filed will be considered timely. ie mailing date of this comr (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.
1)🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 (<u>October 1999</u> .			
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ Th	nis action is non-fin	al.		
3) [Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under tion of Claims				merits is
· _	Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are pending in the application	า			
7)[2]	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra		tion		
5)					
6)⊠	· ·				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requiren	nent.	•	
Applicat	tion Papers				
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	pted or b)⊡ objecte	d to by the Exam	niner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•		
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed on			red by the Examiner.	
12\□	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re		on.		
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	Carriller.			
-	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35	II S C & 110/a\	(d) or (f)	
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:	ii priority under 55	0.5.5. § 119(a)	-(u) or (i).	
aj	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been recei	ved		
	2. Certified copies of the priority document			n No.	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		• -		age
* ;	application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ıreau (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).		
14) 🗌 .	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(e)) (to a provisional a	pplication
	a) \square The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	• •			
Attachmei	nt(s)				
2) D Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>5</u>	5) 🔲		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-	

Art Unit: 2684

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

1. Claims 1-11, 13-15, 17-27 and 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Scott (6,094,421).

Regarding claim 1, Scott discloses a transmission method and apparatus used in a radio system that comprises at least one base station 304 (See fig. 3A) and a number of subscriber terminals 302 at least two of which transmit access bursts to one and the same base station, the access burst activating between a subscriber terminal and a base station a connection that is established by a signal that is of a certain frequency and is sent in timeslots, characterized in that when the subscriber terminal is

Art Unit: 2684

commanded to send the base station a signal that employs a timeslot and frequency that used by another subscriber terminal, sending the subscriber terminal a command to adjust the transmission moment of signal so that the base station receives the transmitted signals at different moments within the same timeslot (See figs. 5A, 5C, 8A, 9, 10B and col. 3. lines 29-47, col. 4 lines 51-65, col. 9 lines 6-10, col. 12 lines 14-35, col. 23 line 30 to col. 26 line 8).

Regarding claim 2, Scott further discloses the transmission moment is adjusted before an actual connection is established (See fig. 5B and col.11 lines 1-8, col. 12 lines 14-34).

Regarding claims 3-4, Scott further discloses the command is sent to delay or advance the transmission moment of the signal (See fig. 5B and col. 11 lines 1-8).

Regarding claims 5-6, Scott further discloses the command is sent to advance or delay the transmission moment at most an 11-bit period (See figs. 5B, 10A and col. 7 line 66 to col. 8 line 51, col.11 lines 51-67).

Regarding claim 7, Scott further discloses the transmission moment of the signal is adjusted by at most the tail bits at the beginning of the burst and the guard period at the end of the burst (See fig. 10A and col.7 line 66 to col. 8 line 51 and col. 11 lines 51-67).

Regarding claim 8, Scott further discloses the impulse responses are formed from the signals received by the base station being defined to have a length of a minimum of substantially 3 bits (See fig. 12A and col. 45 line 22 to col. 46 line 2).

Art Unit: 2684

Regarding claim 9, Scott further discloses at least two signals of the same frequency are separated from each other, the signals have been received by the base station from one and the same timeslot (See fig. 5A, 10B and col. 3 lines 29-47, col. 7 lines 39-52, col. 23 line 30 to col. 26 line 8).

Regarding claim 10. Scott further discloses the signals are separated by means of training sequences of signals received at different moments (See fig. 10B).

Regarding claim 11. Scott further discloses the signals received by the base station are correlated and on the basic of correlation, the signal with the best quality and for example the highest energy is selected, and the signal is then used as a connectionestablishing signal (See col. 12 lines 14-24).

Regarding claim13, Scott further discloses the subscriber is commanded to change the signal transmission frequency, if the signal transmitted by the subscriber terminal interferes with a signal transmitted by another subscriber terminal (See col. 12 lines 24-34).

Regarding claim 14, Scott further discloses the frequencies used in different signals are predetermined (See col.7 line 24-52).

Regarding claim 15, Scott further discloses the signals are transmitted by the Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) method (See fig. 5A and col. 8 lines 30-35).

Claims 17-27 and 29-32 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 1-11 and 13-15, as apparatus.

Art Unit: 2684

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 12 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Scott (6,094,421) in view of Bjork et al. (6,084,862).

Regarding claim 12, Scott discloses as cited in claim 1. However, Scott does not explicitly mention that the signals received by the base station are correlated by means of a training sequence, the signal formed on the basic of the correlation are placed in windows, and the summed energies of the impulse responses of the signals placed in the window are compared. Bjork discloses signals received by the base station are correlated by means of a training sequence, the signal formed on the basic of the correlation are placed in windows, and the summed energies of the impulse responses of the signals placed in the window are compared (See figs. 2, 8 and col. 3 lines 30-50, col. 5 line 48 to col. 6 line 13, col. 6 lines 45-56, col. 9 line 18 to col. 12 line 15). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Bjork in the method and apparatus as disclosed by Scott for the advantage of making accurate measurements of time dispersion.

Claim 28 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 12, as apparatus.

Art Unit: 2684

3. Claims 16 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Scott (6,094,421).

Regarding claim 16, Scott discloses as cited in claim 1. Scott further discloses that the method is suited for cellular communication system utilized TDD/TDMA (See fig. 3A and col. 5 lines 24-30). However, Scott does not mention that the method is particularly suited for the radio system, for example, in offices. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a method as disclosed by Scott in the radio system in offices for the advantage of extending the application of the method into various environments.

Claim 33 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 16, as apparatus.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 07/24/2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

a. The Applicant argued that Scott fails to teach or suggest a transmission method comprising, "when the subscriber terminal is commanded to send the base station a signal that employs a timeslot and frequency already used by another subscriber terminal, sending the subscriber terminal a command to adjust the transmission moment of signal so that the base station receives the transmitted signals at different moments with the same timeslot" (See Remark, page 6 third paragraph, page 7 third paragraph). The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's arguments because Scott does teach a transmission method comprising, "when the

Art Unit: 2684

subscriber terminal is commanded to send the base station a signal that employs a timeslot and frequency already used by another subscriber terminal, sending the subscriber terminal a command to adjust the transmission moment of signal so that the base station receives the transmitted signals at different moments with the same timeslot" (See fig. 10B and col. 23 line 30 to col. 26 line 8). Therefore, the examiner remains the same rejections for pending claims 1-11, 17-27 and 29-32.

b. The Applicant argued that the combined teachings of Scott and Bjork et al. fails to teach or suggest the invention as recited in claims 1 and 17 and their respective dependent claims (See Remark, page 7 fourth paragraph). The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. The combined teachings of Scott & Bjork et al. does teach the invention as recited in claims 12 & 28 and therefore the Examiner remains the same rejections for pending claims 12 & 28 (See above rejections).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Tuan Tran** whose telephone number is **(703) 605-4255**.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Daniel Hunter**, can be reached at **(703) 308-6732**.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Tuan Tran

Char Monton Monton

Art Unit: 2684

AU 2684

Page 9